# LAYING HENS

#### Facilities adapted to new welfare requirements Council Directive 1999/74/EC

- •84 cages of 0.45 × 0.63 × 1.21 m<sup>3</sup> with 8-10 hens each.
- •Up to 8 treatments  $\times$  10 replicates.







- Standard observations:
- Egg quality: shell thickness, yolk colour (instrumental a\*, b\*, L\* and FAN scale), albumen height, etc.
- Performance: laying index, egg weight, egg mass, feed intake, feed conversion per dozen and per kg egg.
- Especial analysis: blood haematology and biochemistry, faeces microbiology, faecal digestibility.





Imasde Agroalimentaria, S.L. C/ Nápoles, no. 3 28224, Pozuelo de Alarcón Madrid, Spain Phone: +34 917 362 609 Fax: +34 917 362 610 www.e-imasde.com

Contact persons: Marta I. Gracia <u>mgracia@e-imasde.com</u> Jaime Sánchez jsanchezlaguna@e-imasde.com



Experiments AniMal StAtistics ReSearch Development AdditivEs

EXPERIMENTAL TRIALS AND EU REGULATORY AFFAIRS

### PIGS

#### Sows

•Gestation, lactation, interval weaning-oestrus or combinations.

- •2 to 6 treatments with 20-40 sows per treatment in one-two consecutive batches.
- •Sows allocated to treatments according to parity.

•Observations: feed intake sow, weight and backfat development sow, total (live and died) born piglets, piglets weight at birth and weaning (growth), mortality.

• Digestibility trials: faecal digestibility determined using HCI insoluble ash as indigestive marker.

### **Piglets**

- Piglets weaned at 28 days of age.
- Trial duration: 42 days.
- •2 to 6 treatments with 12 replicates (10 piglets per pen).
- Observations: BW at 0, 14 and 42 days post-weaning, feed intake, growth, feed conversion, faecal consistency and mortality.
- Especial observations: microbiology analysis, mineral deposition in target organs, blood biochemistry and haematology and faecal digestibility.

### **Pigs for fattening**

- Pigs from 70-80 days of age to slaughter weight.
- •Duration of trials: 70-90 days (wean to finish also possible).
- •2 to 5 treatments with 12 replicates (10-12 pigs per pen).
- •Observations: BW, feed intake, weight gain, feed conversion and mortality.
- •Especial analysis: faecal digestibility, carcass quality and meat quality.







### **BROILERS I**

#### **Productive trials**

• Testing new raw materials, additives, vaccination programs, etc. •96 floor pens of  $1.58 \times 1.16 \text{ m}^2$  with 22 broilers each. • Suitable for factorial designs or dose-response trials. • Up to 4 treatments in drinking water.

• Mixed or separated sexes.



• Standard observations: BW at arrival and at each feed phase change, growth, feed intake and feed conversion ratio per phase, mortality and litter quality.



• Special observations: slaughter yield, skin pigmentation, bone mineralization, intestinal health parameters, blood analysis, organ size development and digestive microbiology.

**Digestibility trials** indigestible marker).









• Faecal and/or ileal digestibility (HCl insoluble ash as

## **BROILERS II**

#### **Registration trials conformed European Union standards**

- Strategic advice relating to EU regulatory affairs, particularly in feed additives.
- Compiling EU product registration dossiers.
- •Design and co-ordination of studies for inclusion in product registration dossiers
- Critical assessment and review of existing data and dossiers.
- Assistance on communication with EU regulatory authorities.





### **Infection trials**

• ABSL-2

- •72 cages  $(54 \times 45 \times 55 \text{ cm}^3)$ up to 3 broilers/cage.
- Orally infection models implemented:
- Campylobacter, Salmonella, Clostridium, Eimeria, etc.
- Necropsies including organs size, blood samples, intestinal morphology, etc.









### CAUTION

